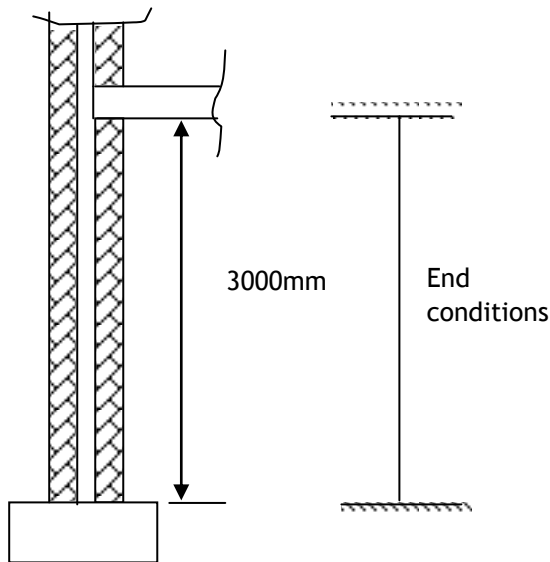


## DESIGN EXAMPLE V6



Taking Design Example 3 for the lower lift of the inner loadbearing leaf of a 4-storey cavity wall, it is now required to carry a horizontal wind suction design loading of  $1,0 \text{ kN/m}^2$  in addition to the  $130 \text{ kN/m}$  design vertical loading as before. The Group 1 concrete block masonry units have a compressive strength of  $7,3 \text{ N/mm}^2$  ( $9,5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  normalised compressive strength).

Recalculate the vertical load capacity of the wall inner leaf loadbearing concrete blockwork to assess that it can carry the vertical design load under these revised loading conditions.

Recalculate the vertical load capacity of the wall inner loadbearing leaf using Group 1 clay brick masonry units with a compressive strength of  $50 \text{ N/mm}^2$  ( $42,5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  normalised compressive strength) with the loadbearing leaf constructed in 102,5 mm thickness brickwork.

*Helpful Tip:*

*The bending moments of a single span encastre member with  $ud$  loading are  $WL/12$  at end supports and  $WL/24$  at centre of span.*